



Designation: D3489 – 23

Standard Test Methods for Microcellular Urethane Materials¹

This standard is issued under the fixed designation D3489; the number immediately following the designation indicates the year of original adoption or, in the case of revision, the year of last revision. A number in parentheses indicates the year of last reappraisal. A superscript epsilon (ϵ) indicates an editorial change since the last revision or reappraisal.

1. Scope*

1.1 These test methods cover the preparation of a standard-size test sample and basic tests for physical property determinations of microcellular urethane materials.

1.2 The values stated in SI units are to be regarded as standard. The values given in parentheses are for information only.

1.3 *This standard does not purport to address all of the safety concerns, if any, associated with its use. It is the responsibility of the user of this standard to establish appropriate safety, health, and environmental practices and determine the applicability of regulatory limitations prior to use.*

NOTE 1—There is no known ISO equivalent to this standard.

1.4 *This international standard was developed in accordance with internationally recognized principles on standardization established in the Decision on Principles for the Development of International Standards, Guides and Recommendations issued by the World Trade Organization Technical Barriers to Trade (TBT) Committee.*

2. Referenced Documents

2.1 *ASTM Standards:*²

- D256 Test Methods for Determining the Izod Pendulum Impact Resistance of Plastics
- D395 Test Methods for Rubber Property—Compression Set
- D412 Test Methods for Vulcanized Rubber and Thermoplastic Elastomers—Tension
- D573 Test Method for Rubber—Deterioration in an Air Oven
- D575 Test Methods for Rubber Properties in Compression
- D624 Test Method for Tear Strength of Conventional Vulcanized Rubber and Thermoplastic Elastomers

- D790 Test Methods for Flexural Properties of Unreinforced and Reinforced Plastics and Electrical Insulating Materials
- D792 Test Methods for Density and Specific Gravity (Relative Density) of Plastics by Displacement
- D883 Terminology Relating to Plastics
- D1052 Test Method for Measuring Rubber Deterioration—Cut Growth Using Ross Flexing Apparatus
- D1622 Test Method for Apparent Density of Rigid Cellular Plastics
- D1630 Test Method for Rubber Property—Abrasion Resistance (Footwear Abrader)
- D2240 Test Method for Rubber Property—Durometer Hardness
- D2584 Test Method for Ignition Loss of Cured Reinforced Resins
- D2632 Test Method for Rubber Property—Resilience by Vertical Rebound
- D3040 Practice for Preparing Precision Statements for Standards Related to Rubber and Rubber Testing (Withdrawn 1987)³
- D3137 Test Method for Rubber Property—Hydrolytic Stability
- D3389 Test Method for Coated Fabrics Abrasion Resistance (Rotary Platform Abrader)
- D3574 Test Methods for Flexible Cellular Materials—Slab, Bonded, and Molded Urethane Foams
- D3768 Test Method for Microcellular Urethanes—Flexural Recovery
- D3769 Test Method for Microcellular Urethanes—High-Temperature Sag
- E456 Terminology Relating to Quality and Statistics
- G195 Guide for Conducting Wear Tests Using a Rotary Platform Abraser

¹ These test methods are under the jurisdiction of ASTM Committee D20 on Plastics and are the direct responsibility of Subcommittee D20.22 on Cellular Materials - Plastics and Elastomers.

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² For referenced ASTM standards, visit the ASTM website, www.astm.org, or contact ASTM Customer Service at service@astm.org. For *Annual Book of ASTM Standards* volume information, refer to the standard's Document Summary page on the ASTM website.

3. Terminology

3.1 Terms used in this standard are defined in accordance with Terminology D883, unless otherwise specified. For terms relating to precision and bias and associated issues, the terms used in this standard are defined in accordance with Terminology E456.

³ The last approved version of this historical standard is referenced on www.astm.org.

*A Summary of Changes section appears at the end of this standard

3.2 Definitions of Terms Specific to This Standard:

3.2.1 *microcellular urethane*—an elastomeric material made by the interaction of a polyol and an organic isocyanate, having cell diameters in the range from 0.0001 to 0.001 mm, with a minimum density of 160 kg/m³ (10 lb/ft³).

NOTE 2—In the following sections, the term “retaining the molded surfaces” refers to the two major surfaces (faces) of the sample and/or specimens prepared from it and was not meant to include the minor surfaces (ends or sides).

4. Summary of Test Method

4.1 Unless otherwise specifically stated and agreed upon by the purchaser and the supplier, all tests shall be made in accordance with the methods specified in Sections 7-23, which include test procedures for the following:

Tests	Sections
Density	7
Tensile Properties	8
Tear	9
Hardness	10
Compression Set	11
Compression Deflection	12
Resilience	13
Abrasion Resistance	14
Surface and Core Abrasion	15
Heat Aging	16
Hydrolytic Resistance	17
Cut Growth Resistance	18
Impact Strength	19
Flexural Modulus	20
Ash	21
Flexural Recovery	22
High-Temperature Sag	23

5. Significance and Use

5.1 Tests made on materials herein prescribed have the potential to give considerable value in comparing physical properties of different materials, in controlling manufacturing processes, and as a basis for writing specifications.

5.2 Before proceeding with these test methods, if appropriate, make reference to the specification associated with the material or product being tested. Any test specimen preparation, conditioning, dimensions, testing parameters, or combination thereof, covered in the ASTM materials or product specification shall take precedence over those mentioned in these test methods. If there are no relevant ASTM specifications, then the default conditions apply.

6. Sampling

6.1 Test samples are to be made in a suitable mold. The following three sizes are recommended (length, width, and thickness): 305 by 152 by 3.15 mm (12 by 6 by 1/8 in.), 305 by 152 by 6.3 mm (12 by 6 by 1/4 in.), and 305 by 152 by 12.5 mm (12 by 6 by 1/2 in.).

6.2 The procedure used to prepare the test sample relating to component ratios, temperature, mixing direction, mold temperature, and curing conditions shall conform to the manufacturer’s recommendations.

6.3 The test sample shall be allowed to age a minimum of 40 h before testing, at 23 ± 2°C (73.4 ± 3.6°F) and 50 ± 10 % relative humidity.

7. Density

7.1 Determine the density in accordance with either Test Method D792 or Test Method D1622. Prepare test specimens retaining the molded surfaces. If using Test Method D1622, report any deviations from the specified minimum specimen size.

8. Tensile Properties

8.1 Determine the tensile properties in accordance with Test Method D412. Cut tension specimens using the Die A or any other suitable die in accordance with Test Method D412 from the 3.15-mm (1/8-in.) or 6.3-mm (1/4-in.) test sample. Retain the molded surfaces.

8.2 Precision—These precision statements were prepared in accordance with the statistical and other testing terminology and concepts presented in Practice D3040.

8.2.1 The precision of this test method was determined from an interlaboratory study of one microcellular urethane material. One laboratory made the microcellular urethane material. One laboratory made the microcellular urethane material plaques, and three laboratories tested the material on two days.

8.2.2 Table 1 gives the LQC precision data as obtained in the interlaboratory program. The values given are equivalent to “repeatability” for within laboratories testing and “reproducibility” for among laboratories testing.

8.2.3 A “test result” is the average result from the testing of three dumbbell specimens.

9. Tear

9.1 Using Die C, determine the tear strength in accordance with Test Method D624. Cut the specimen from the 3.15-mm (1/8-in.) sample, retaining the molded surface.

9.2 Determine the split tear (Type T or trouser tear) strength in accordance with Test Method D624. Cut the Type T specimen from the 3.15-mm (1/8-in.) sample. The direction of tear shall include both molded surfaces.

9.3 Determine the block tear in accordance with Test Methods D3574, except the specimen shall be 19.0 mm (0.75 in.) wide by 12.5 mm (0.5 in.) thick. The tear direction shall be through the core retaining both molded surfaces.

TABLE 1 LQC Test Precision of Tensile Property Test

Property	Mean	Within Laboratories		Among Laboratories	
		S	LSD	S	LSD
100 % tensile stress, MPa (psi)	2.2 (324)	0.08 (12)	0.24 (34)	0.13 (19)	0.38 (54)
Tensile strength, MPa (psi)	4.3 (624)	0.18 (26)	0.51 (74)	0.24 (35)	0.69 (99)
Elongation, 90 %	297	9	25	11	31